

## OptiMOS™2 Power-Transistor

### Features

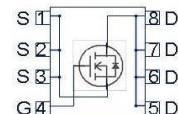
- Very low gate charge for high frequency applications
- Optimized for dc-dc conversion
- N-channel, normal level
- Excellent gate charge  $\times R_{DS(on)}$  product (FOM)
- Low on-resistance  $R_{DS(on)}$
- 150 °C operating temperature
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>1)</sup> for target application
- Halogen-free according to IEC61249-2-21



### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	100	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	25.2	mΩ
$I_D$	40	A

PG-TDSON-8



Type	Package	Marking
BSC252N10NSF G	PG-TDSON-8	252N10NS

**Maximum ratings**, at  $T_j=25$  °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current	$I_D$	$T_c=25$ °C	40	A
		$T_c=100$ °C	25	
		$T_A=25$ °C, $R_{thJA}=50$ K/W <sup>2</sup>	7.2	
Pulsed drain current <sup>3)</sup>	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_c=25$ °C	160	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	$E_{AS}$	$I_D=40$ A, $R_{GS}=25$ Ω	68	mJ
Gate source voltage	$V_{GS}$		±20	V
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_c=25$ °C	78	W
Operating and storage temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$		-55 ... 150	°C
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1			55/150/56	

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Thermal characteristics**

Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$	bottom	-	-	1.6	K/W
		top	-	-	18	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	$R_{thJA}$	minimal footprint	-	-	62	
		6 cm <sup>2</sup> cooling area <sup>2)</sup>	-	-	50	

**Electrical characteristics**, at  $T_j=25$  °C, unless otherwise specified

**Static characteristics**

Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0$ V, $I_D=1$ mA	100	-	-	V
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=43$ µA	2	3	4	
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=100$ V, $V_{GS}=0$ V, $T_j=25$ °C	-	0.01	1	
		$V_{DS}=100$ V, $V_{GS}=0$ V, $T_j=125$ °C	-	10	100	
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=20$ V, $V_{DS}=0$ V	-	1	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10$ V, $I_D=20$ A	-	19.5	25.2	mΩ
Gate resistance	$R_G$		-	1.6	-	Ω
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$ V_{DS} >2 I_D R_{DS(on)max}$ , $I_D=40$ A	18	35	-	S

<sup>1)</sup>J-STD20 and JESD22

<sup>2)</sup> Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm<sup>2</sup> (one layer, 70 µm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

<sup>3)</sup> see figure 3

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Dynamic characteristics**

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS}=0 \text{ V}, V_{DS}=50 \text{ V}, f=1 \text{ MHz}$	-	860	1100	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	280	370	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	10	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=50 \text{ V}, V_{GS}=10 \text{ V}, I_D=25 \text{ A}, R_G=1.6 \Omega$	-	11	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	21	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	16	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	4	-	

**Gate Charge Characteristics<sup>4)</sup>**

Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DD}=50 \text{ V}, I_D=25 \text{ A}, V_{GS}=0 \text{ to } 10 \text{ V}$	-	5	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	3	-	
Switching charge	$Q_{sw}$		-	6	-	
Gate charge total	$Q_g$		-	13	17	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	5.8	-	V
Output charge	$Q_{oss}$	$V_{DD}=50 \text{ V}, V_{GS}=0 \text{ V}$	-	28	38	nC

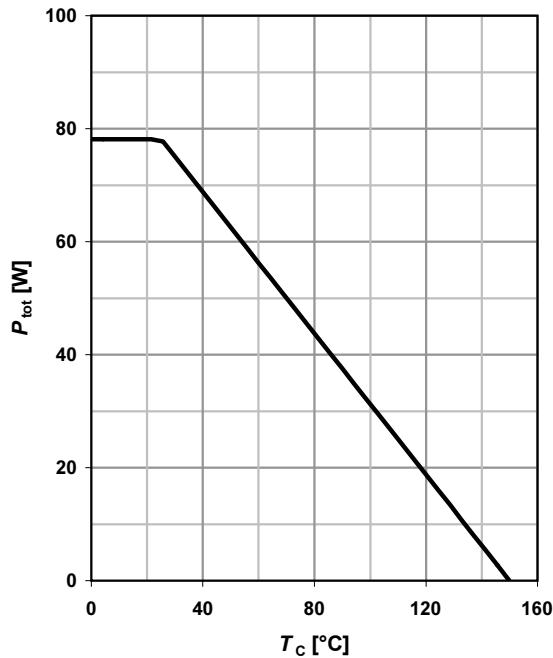
**Reverse Diode**

Diode continuous forward current	$I_s$	$T_C=25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	40	A
Diode pulse current	$I_{s,pulse}$		-	-	160	
Diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0 \text{ V}, I_F=40 \text{ A}, T_j=25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.9	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_R=50 \text{ V}, I_F=25 \text{ A}, di_F/dt=100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	82	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	198	-	nC

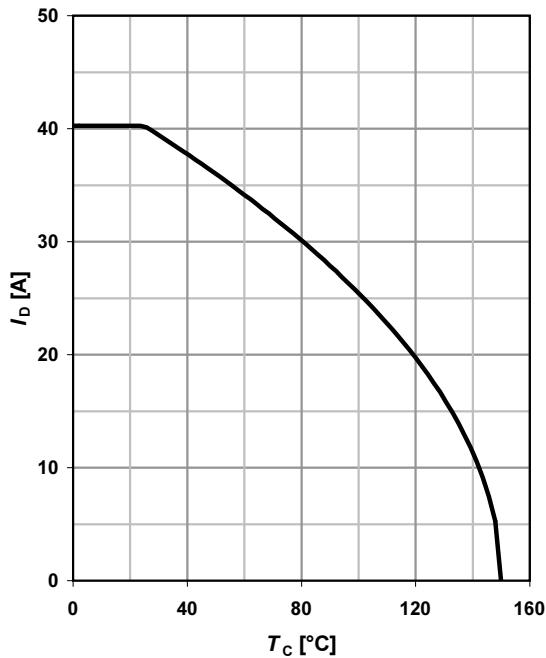
<sup>4)</sup> See figure 16 for gate charge parameter definition

**1 Power dissipation**

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_c)$$

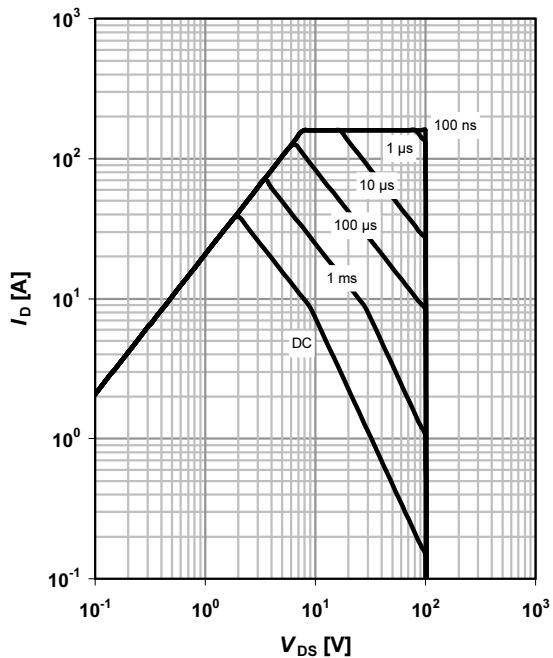

**2 Drain current**

$$I_D = f(T_c); V_{GS} \geq 10 \text{ V}$$


**3 Safe operating area**

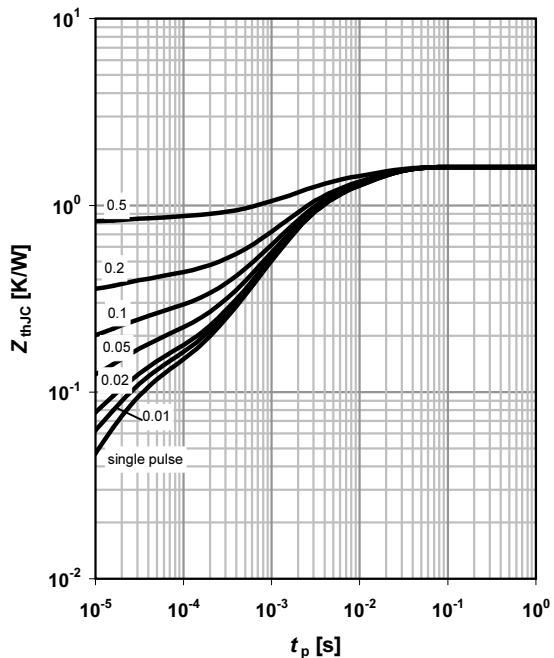
$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_c = 25 \text{ °C}; D = 0$$

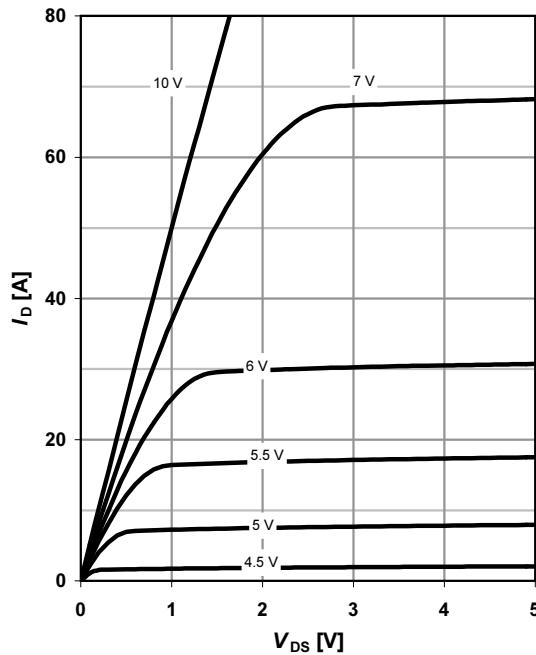
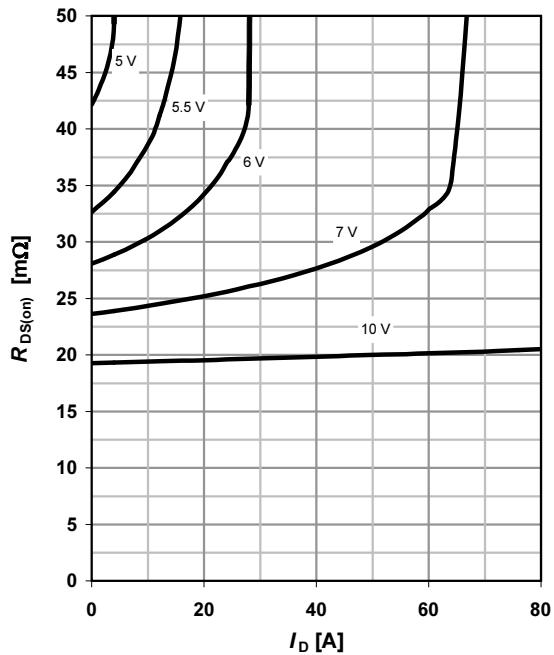
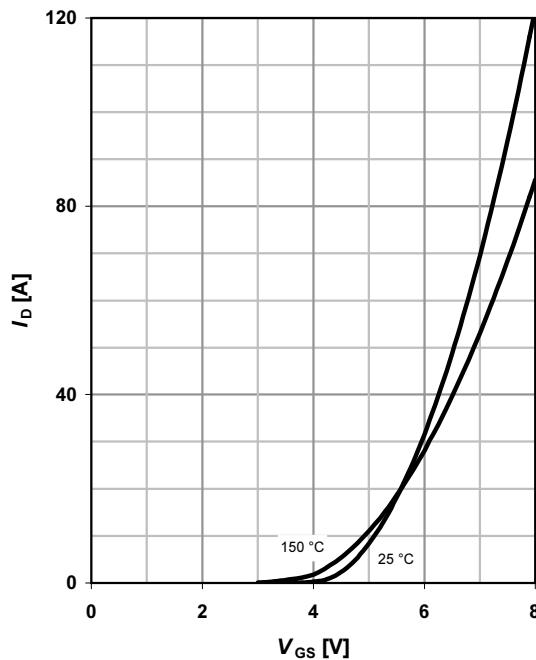
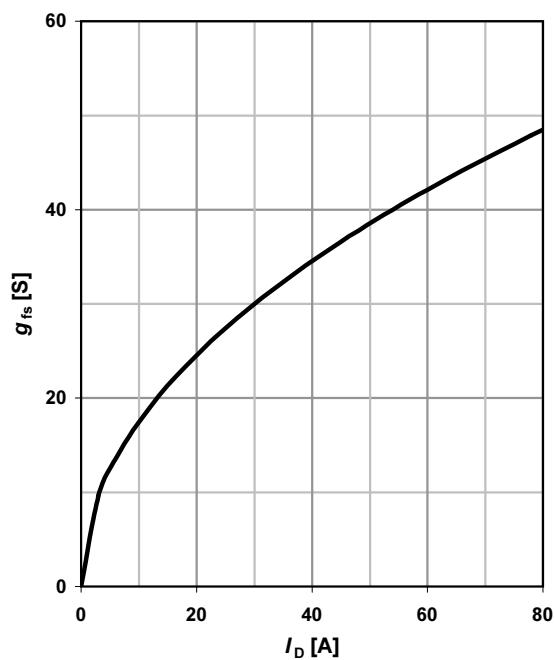
parameter:  $t_p$

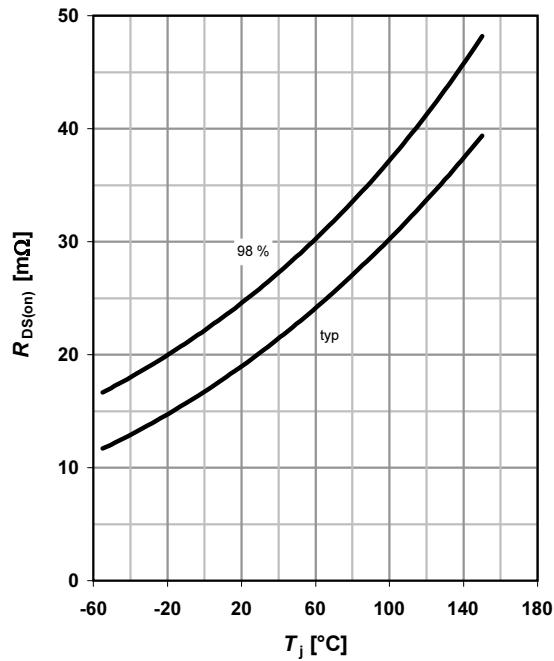

**4 Max. transient thermal impedance**

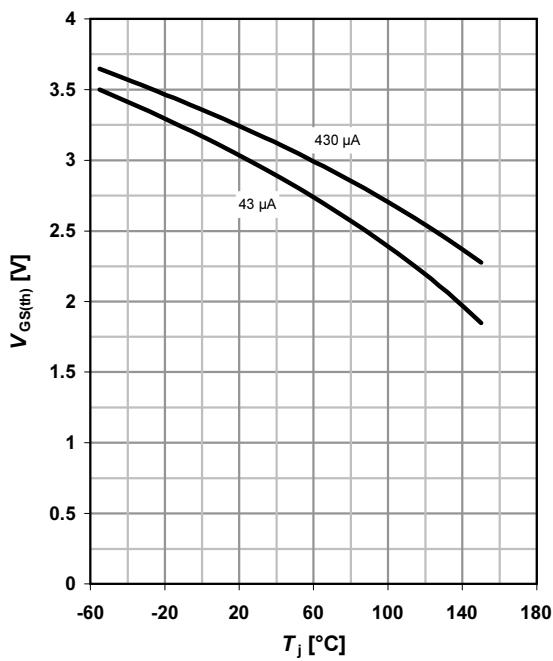
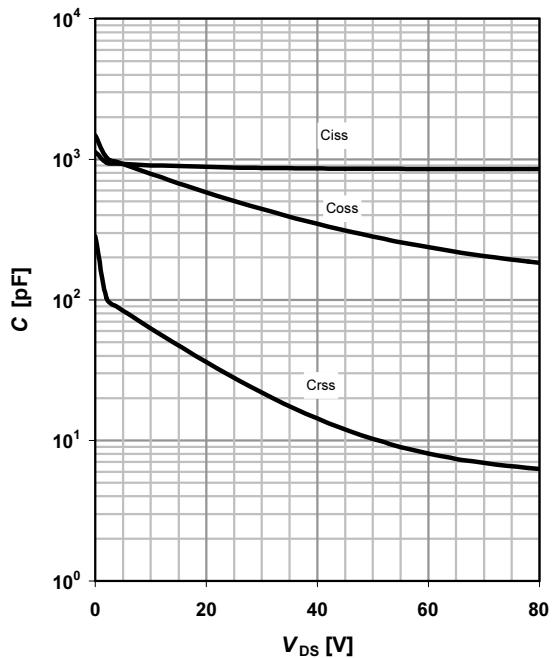
$$Z_{\text{thJC}} = f(t_p)$$

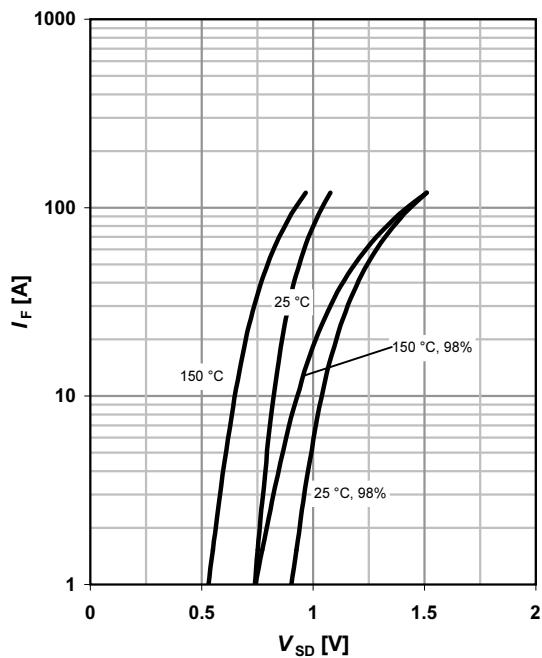
parameter:  $D = t_p/T$



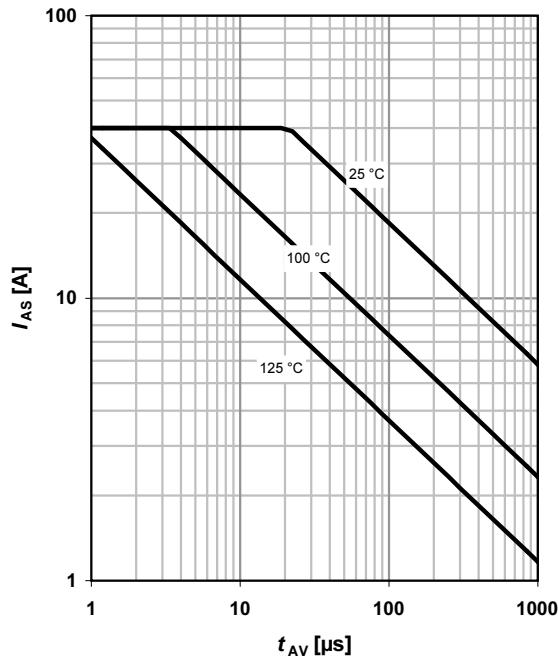
**5 Typ. output characteristics**
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$ ;  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 
parameter:  $V_{GS}$ 
**6 Typ. drain-source on resistance**
 $R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$ ;  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 
parameter:  $V_{GS}$ 
**7 Typ. transfer characteristics**
 $I_D = f(V_{GS})$ ;  $|V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)max}$ 
parameter:  $T_j$ 
**8 Typ. forward transconductance**
 $g_{fs} = f(I_D)$ ;  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 


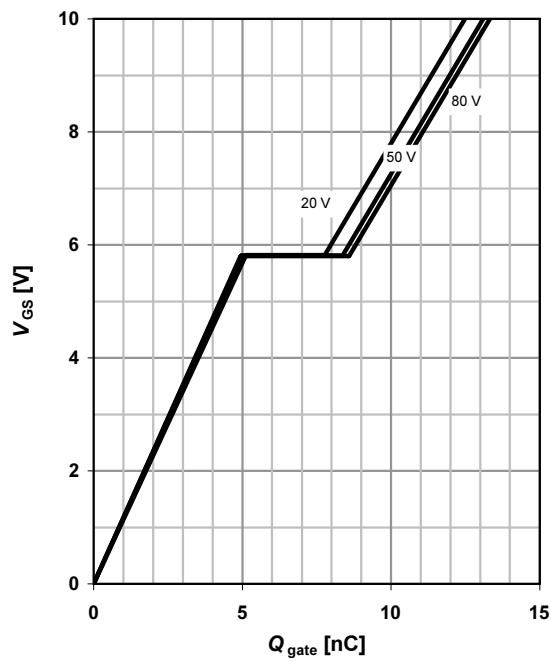
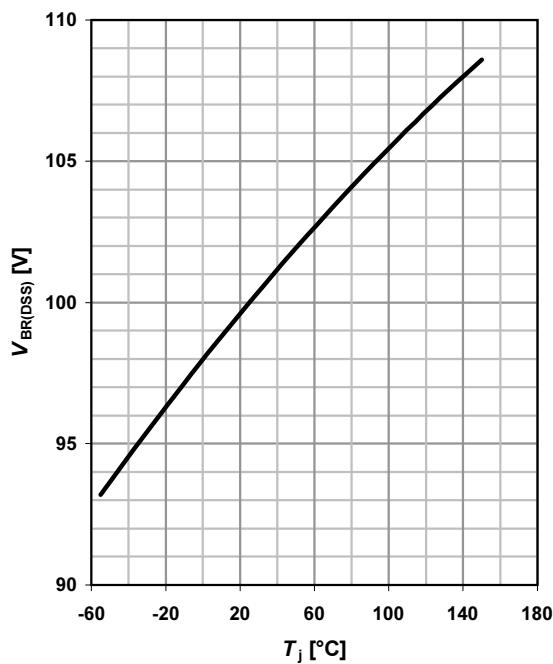
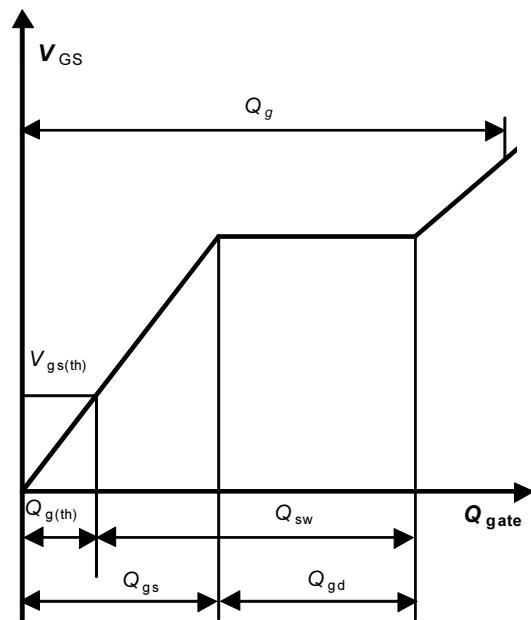
**9 Drain-source on-state resistance**
 $R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 40 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$ 

**10 Typ. gate threshold voltage**
 $V_{GS(th)} = f(T_j); V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ 

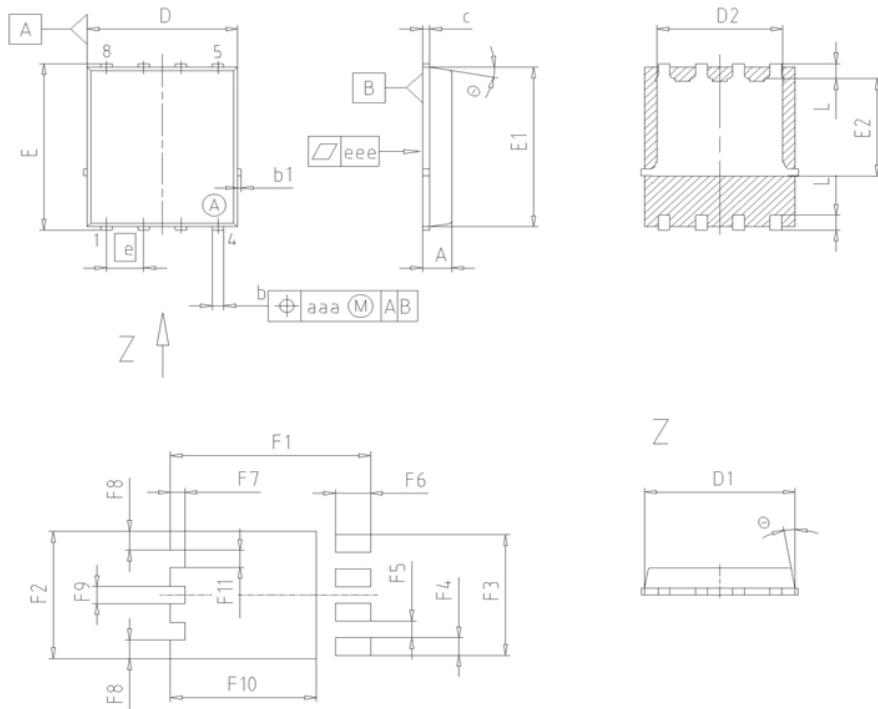
 parameter:  $I_D$ 

**11 Typ. capacitances**
 $C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ 

**12 Forward characteristics of reverse diode**
 $I_F = f(V_{SD})$ 

 parameter:  $T_j$ 


**13 Avalanche characteristics**
 $I_{AS} = f(t_{AV})$ ;  $R_{GS} = 25 \Omega$ 

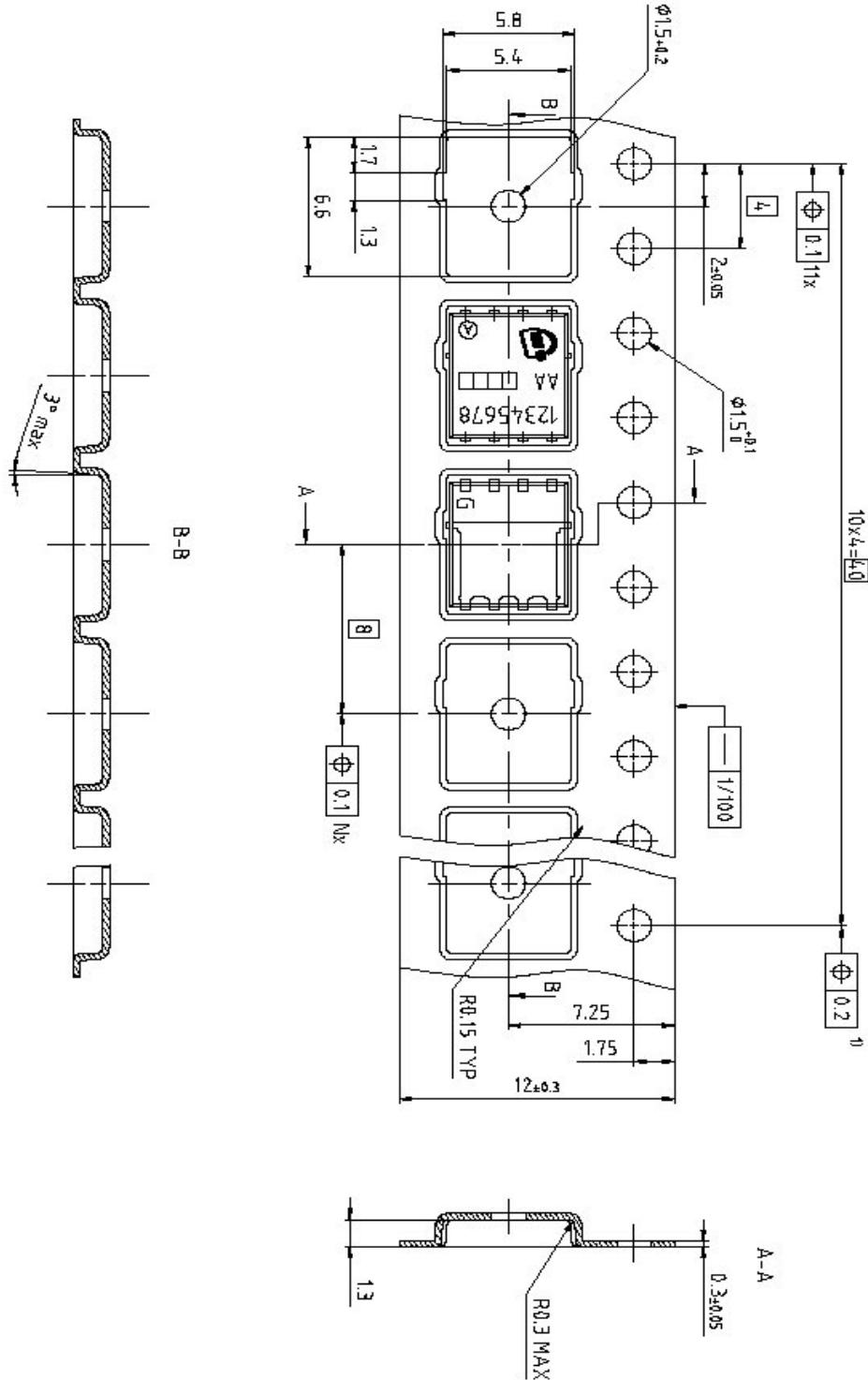
parameter:  $T_{j(\text{start})}$ 

**14 Typ. gate charge**
 $V_{GS} = f(Q_{\text{gate}})$ ;  $I_D = 25 \text{ A pulsed}$ 

parameter:  $V_{DD}$ 

**15 Drain-source breakdown voltage**
 $V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_j)$ ;  $I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$ 

**16 Gate charge waveforms**


**Package Outline: PG-TDSON-8**


DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
<b>A</b>	0.90	1.10	0.035	0.043
<b>b</b>	0.34	0.54	0.013	0.021
<b>b1</b>	0.02	0.22	0.001	0.008
<b>c</b>	0.15	0.35	0.006	0.014
<b>D=D1</b>	4.95	5.35	0.195	0.211
<b>D2</b>	4.20	4.40	0.165	0.173
<b>E</b>	5.95	6.35	0.234	0.250
<b>E1</b>	5.70	6.10	0.224	0.240
<b>E2</b>	3.40	3.80	0.134	0.150
<b>e</b>	1.27		0.050	
<b>N</b>	8		8	
<b>L</b>	0.45	0.65	0.018	0.026
<b>□</b>	8.5°	11.5°	8.5°	11.5°
<b>aaa</b>	0.25		0.010	
<b>eee</b>	0.05		0.002	
<b>F1</b>	6.75	6.95	0.266	0.274
<b>F2</b>	4.60	4.80	0.181	0.189
<b>F3</b>	4.36	4.56	0.172	0.180
<b>F4</b>	0.55	0.75	0.022	0.030
<b>F5</b>	0.52	0.72	0.020	0.028
<b>F6</b>	1.10	1.30	0.043	0.051
<b>F7</b>	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024
<b>F8</b>	0.60	0.80	0.024	0.031
<b>F9</b>	0.53	0.73	0.021	0.029
<b>F10</b>	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201
<b>F11</b>	0.53	0.73	0.021	0.029

DOCUMENT NO.	Z8B00003332
SCALE	0 2.5 0 2.5 5mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION	
ISSUE DATE	08-03-2007
REVISION	03



Dimensions in mm

**Published by**

Infineon Technologies AG

81726 Munich, Germany

© 2009 Infineon Technologies AG

All Rights Reserved.

**Legal Disclaimer**

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

**Information**

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office ([www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)).

**Warnings**

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office. The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.