

2N7001T 单位双电源缓冲电压信号转换器

1 特性

- 在 1.65V 至 3.6V 范围内进行上行和下行电平转换
- 工作温度：-40°C 至 +125°C
- 最大静态电流 ($I_{CCA} + I_{CCB}$) 14 μ A (最高 125°C)
- 在整个电源范围内支持高达 100Mbps 的速率
- V_{CC} 隔离特性
 - 如果任何一个 V_{CC} 输入低于 100mV，则输出处于高阻抗状态
- I_{off} 支持局部关断模式运行
- 闩锁性能超出 JESD 78 II 类规范要求的 100mA
- 静电放电 (ESD) 保护性能超过 JESD 22 规范的要求
 - 2000V 人体放电模型
 - 1000V 充电器件模型

2 应用

- MCU/FPGA/处理器 GPIO 转换
- 通信模块至处理器转换
- 推挽式 I/O 缓冲

3 说明

2N7001T 是一款采用两个独立可配置电源轨的单比特位缓冲电压信号转换器，可对单向信号进行上行或下行电平转换。该器件通过 1.65V 至 3.60V 的 V_{CCA} 和 V_{CCB} 电源供电。 V_{CCA} 定义了 A 输入端的输入阈值电压。 V_{CCB} 定义了 B 输出端的输出驱动电压。

该器件完全适用于使用 I_{off} 电流的局部掉电应用。当器件掉电时， I_{off} 保护电路可确保不从输入/输出或偏置到特定电压的快速 I/O 获取或向其提供多余电流。

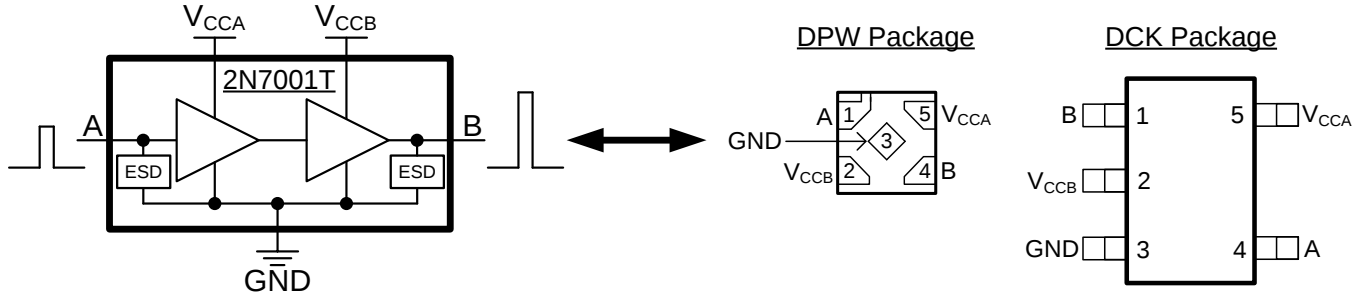
V_{CC} 隔离功能确保当 V_{CCA} 或 V_{CCB} 低于 100mV 时，输出端口 (B) 进入高阻抗状态。

器件信息⁽¹⁾

器件型号	封装	封装尺寸 (标称值)
2N7001TDCK	SC70 (5)	2.00mm × 1.25mm
2N7001TDPW	X2SON (5)	0.80mm × 0.80mm

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装，请参阅数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。

方框图和引脚配置



目录

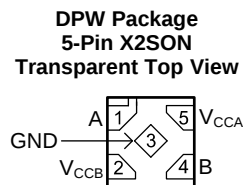
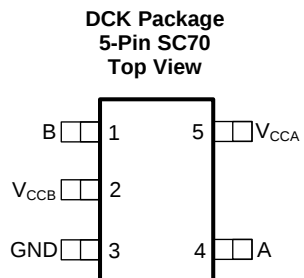
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4 修订历史记录

注：之前版本的页码可能与当前版本有所不同。

Changes from Original (May 2018) to Revision A	Page
• 已更改 从“预告信息”更改为“生产数据”	1

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN			TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	DCK	DPW		
A	4	1	I	Data Input. This pin is referenced to V_{CCA} .
B	1	4	O	Data Output. This pin is referenced to V_{CCB} .
V_{CCA}	5	5	—	Input Supply voltage. $1.65V \leq V_{CCA} \leq 3.6 V$.
V_{CCB}	2	2	—	Output Supply voltage. $1.65V \leq V_{CCB} \leq 3.6 V$.
GND	3	3	—	Ground

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage, A Port		−0.5	4.2	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage, B Port		−0.5	4.2	V
V _I	Input voltage ⁽²⁾		−0.5	4.2	V
V _O	Voltage applied to the output in the high-impedance or power-off state ⁽²⁾		−0.5	4.2	V
V _O	Voltage applied to the output in the high or low state ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾		−0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.2	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0	−50		mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0	−50		mA
I _O	Continuous output current		−50	50	mA
I _O	Continuous current through V _{CCB} or GND		−50	50	mA
I _O	Continuous current through V _{CCA}		−10	10	mA
T _J	Operating junction temperature		−40	150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		−65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.2 V maximum if the output current ratings are observed.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage, V _{CCA}	1.65	3.6	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage, V _{CCB}	1.65	3.6	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	V _{CCA} = 1.65 V - 1.95 V	V _{CCA} × 0.65	V
		V _{CCA} = 2.30 V - 2.70 V	1.60	
		V _{CCA} = 3.00 V - 3.60 V	2.00	
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	V _{CCA} = 1.65 V - 1.95 V	V _{CCA} × 0.65	V
		V _{CCA} = 2.30 V - 2.70 V	0.70	
		V _{CCA} = 3.00 V - 3.60 V	0.80	
V _I	Input voltage	0	3.6	V
V _O	Output voltage	Active state	0	V
		Tri-state	0	
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate		100	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	–40	125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		2N7001T		UNIT
		DCK (SC70)	DPW (X2SON)	
		5 PINS	5 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	253.5	462.7	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	162.6	227.7	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	140.6	326.5	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	69.8	33.8	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	139.7	325.1	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH} High-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH}	I _{OH} = –100 µA	1.65 V - 3.6 V	1.65 V - 3.6 V	V _{CCB} - 0.1		V
		I _{OH} = –8 mA	1.65 V	1.65 V	1.2		
		I _{OH} = –9 mA	2.3 V	2.3 V	1.75		
		I _{OH} = –12 mA	3 V	3 V	2.3		
V _{OL} Low-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 100 µA	1.65 V - 3.6 V	1.65 V - 3.6 V		0.1	V
		I _{OL} = 8 mA	1.65 V	1.65 V		0.45	
		I _{OL} = 9 mA	2.3 V	2.3 V		0.55	
		I _{OL} = 12 mA	3 V	3 V		0.7	
I _{off} Partial power down current	V _I or V _O = 0 V - 3.6 V	0 V	0 V - 3.6 V	–8		8	µA
	V _I or V _O = 0 V - 3.6 V	0 V - 3.6 V	0 V	–8		8	
I _{CCA} V _{CCA} supply current	V _I = V _{CCA} or GND, I _O = 0 mA	1.65 V - 3.6 V	1.65 V - 3.6 V			8	µA
		0 V	3.6 V	–8			
		3.6 V	0 V			8	
I _{CCB} V _{CCB} supply current	V _I = V _{CCB} or GND, I _O = 0 mA	1.65 V - 3.6 V	1.65 V - 3.6 V			8	µA
		0 V	3.6 V			8	
		3.6 V	0 V	–8			
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB} Combined supply current	V _I = V _{CCB} or GND, I _O = 0 mA	1.65 V - 3.6 V	1.65 V - 3.6 V			14	µA
C _I Input capacitance	V _I = 1.65 V DC + 1MHz -16 dBm sine wave	3.3 V	0 V		2		pF
C _O Output capacitance	V _I = 1.65 V DC + 1MHz -16 dBm sine wave	0 V	3.3 V		4		pF

(1) All typical values are for T_A = 25°C

6.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT
t _{pd}	Propagation Delay	V _{CCA} = 1.80 ± 0.15 V	V _{CCB} = 1.80 ± 0.15 V	0.5	20	ns
			V _{CCB} = 2.50 ± 0.20 V	0.5	17	
			V _{CCB} = 3.30 ± 0.30 V	0.5	14	
	Propagation Delay	V _{CCA} = 2.50 ± 0.20 V	V _{CCB} = 1.80 ± 0.15 V	0.5	18	
			V _{CCB} = 2.50 ± 0.20 V	0.5	15	
			V _{CCB} = 3.30 ± 0.30 V	0.5	12	
	Propagation Delay	V _{CCA} = 3.30 ± 0.30 V	V _{CCB} = 1.80 ± 0.15 V	0.5	16	
			V _{CCB} = 2.50 ± 0.20 V	0.5	13	
			V _{CCB} = 3.30 ± 0.30 V	0.5	10	

6.7 Operating Characteristics

T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C _{pdA} Power dissipation capacitance - Port A	I _O = 0 mA C _L = 0 pF, f = 1 MHz, t _r = t _f = 1 ns	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	1		pF
		V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	1.3		
		V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3 V	1.8		
C _{pdB} Power dissipation capacitance - B Port	I _O = 0 mA C _L = 0 pF, f = 1 MHz, t _r = t _f = 1 ns	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8 V	12		pF
		V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5 V	15		
		V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3 V	18		

6.8 Typical Characteristics

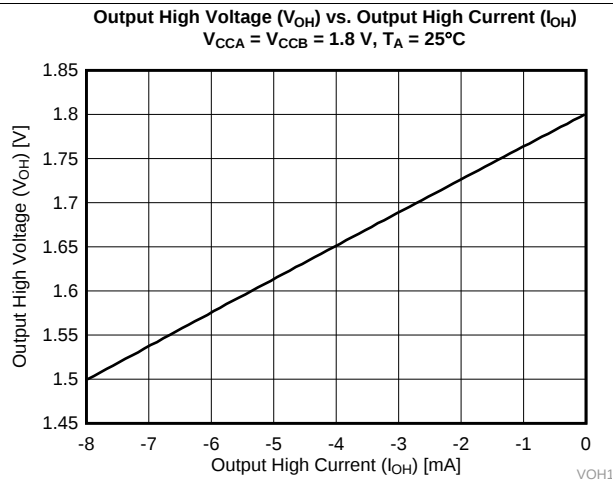


图 1. V_{OH} vs I_{OH} , 1.8 V

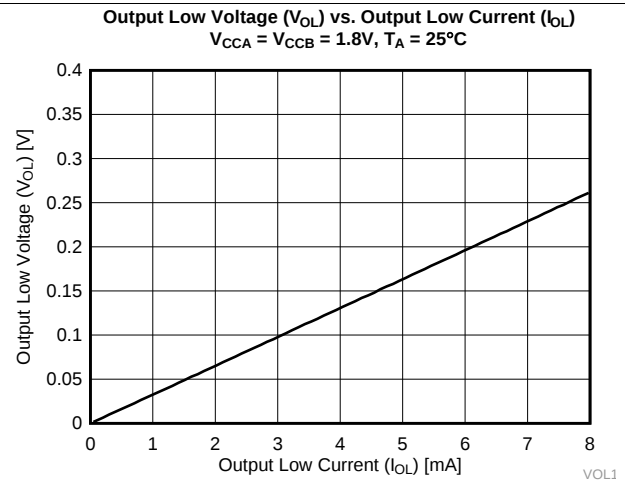


图 2. V_{OL} vs I_{OL} , 1.8 V

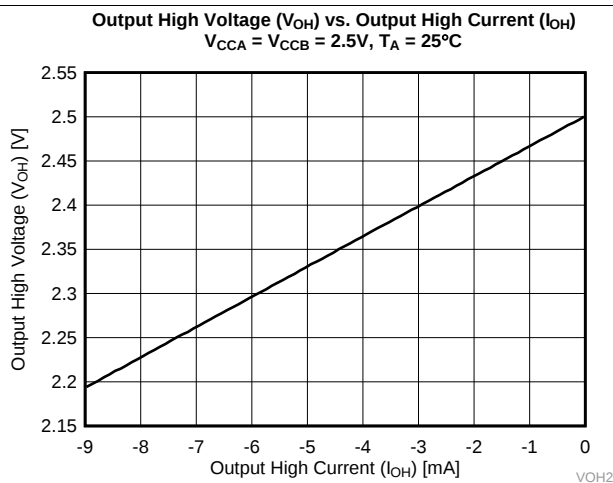


图 3. V_{OH} vs I_{OH} , 2.5 V

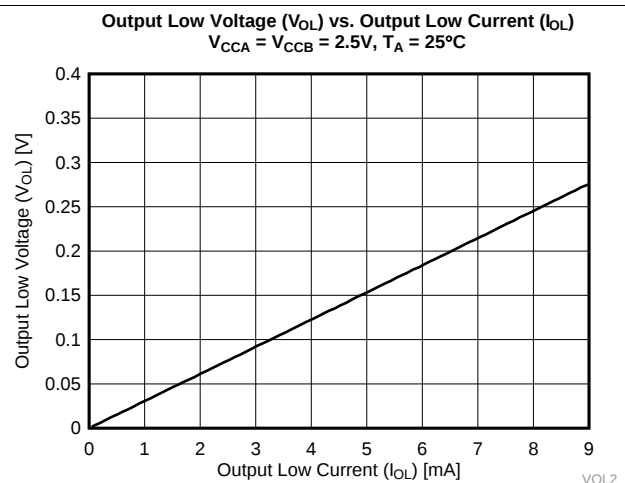


图 4. V_{OL} vs I_{OL} , 2.5 V

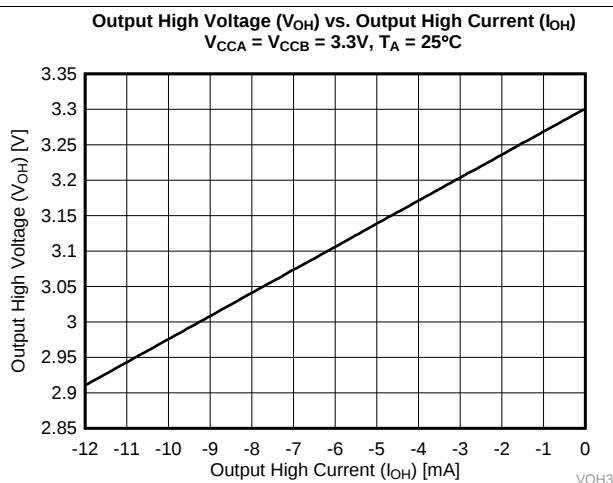


图 5. V_{OH} vs I_{OH} , 3.3 V

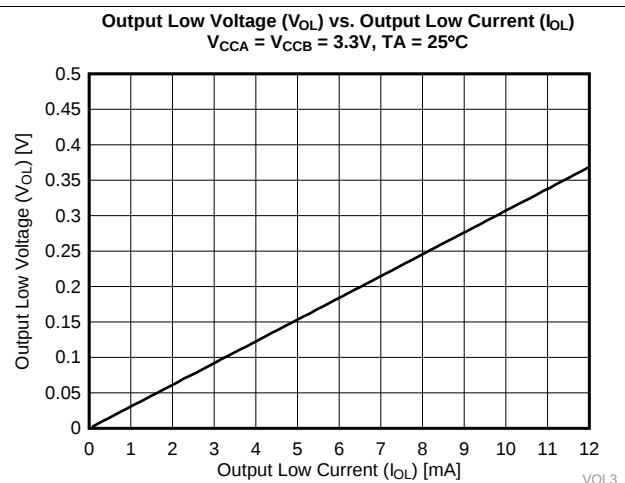


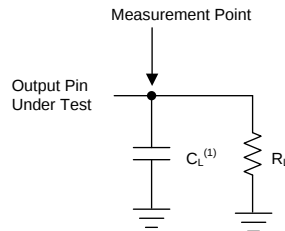
图 6. V_{OL} vs I_{OL} , 3.3 V

7 Parameter Measurement Information

7.1 Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

Unless otherwise noted, all input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:

- $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
- $Z_O = 50 \Omega$
- $dv/dt \leq 1 \text{ ns/V}$

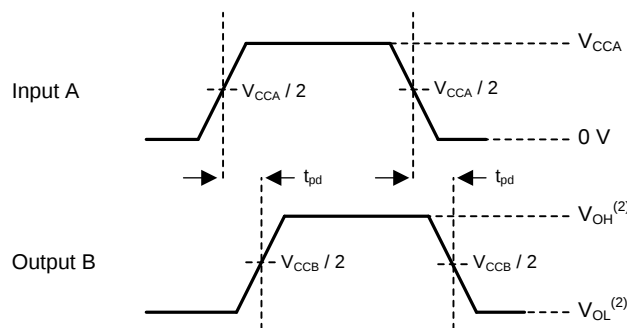


(1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

图 7. Load Circuit

表 1. Load Circuit Conditions

Parameter	V_{CC}	R_L	C_L
t_{pd} Propagation (delay) time	1.65 V – 3.6 V	2 k Ω	15 pF



(1) V_{CCI} is the supply pin associated with the input port.

(2) V_{OH} and V_{OL} are typical output voltage levels that occur with specified R_L and C_L .

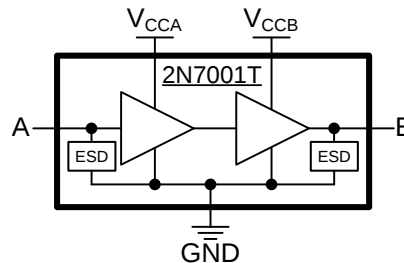
图 8. Propagation Delay

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The 2N7001T is a single-bit dual-supply buffered voltage signal converter that can be used to up or down-translate a single unidirectional signal. The device is operational with both V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} supplies down to 1.65 V and up to 3.60 V. V_{CCA} defines the input threshold voltage on the A input while V_{CCB} defines the output voltage on the B output.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Up-Translation or Down-Translation from 1.65 V to 3.60 V

The V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} pins can both be supplied by a voltage range from 1.65 V to 3.6 V. This voltage range makes the device suitable for translating between any of the voltage nodes (1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V).

8.3.2 Balanced CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The drive capability of this device may create fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the output power of the device to be limited to avoid damage due to over-current. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#) must be followed at all times.

8.3.3 Standard CMOS Inputs

Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance shown in the [Electrical Characteristics](#). The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, shown in the [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#), and the maximum input leakage current, shown in the [Electrical Characteristics](#), using Ohm's law ($R = V \div I$).

Signals applied to the inputs need to have fast edge rates, as defined by $\Delta t/\Delta v$ in the [Recommended Operating Conditions](#) to avoid excessive current consumption and oscillations. If a slow or noisy input signal is required, a device with a Schmitt-trigger input should be used to condition the input signal prior to the standard CMOS input.

Feature Description (接下页)

8.3.4 Negative Clamping Diodes

The inputs and outputs to this device have negative clamping diodes as shown in 图 9.

CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#) table can cause damage to the device. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

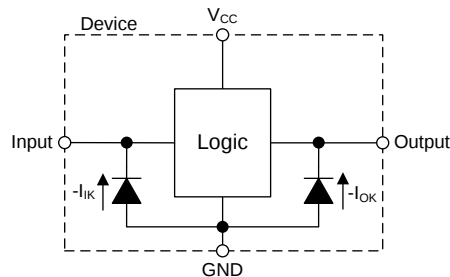


图 9. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

8.3.5 Partial Power Down (I_{off})

The inputs and outputs for this device enter a high-impedance state when the supply voltage is 0 V. The maximum leakage into or out of any input pin or output pin on the device is specified by I_{off} in the [Electrical Characteristics](#).

8.3.6 Over-voltage Tolerant Inputs

Input signals to this device can be driven above the input supply voltage (V_{CCA}), as long as they remain below the maximum input voltage value specified in the [Recommended Operating Conditions](#).

8.4 Device Functional Modes

表 2 lists the functional modes of the 2N7001T device.

表 2. Function Table

INPUT	OUTPUT
L (Referenced to V_{CCA})	L (Referenced to V_{CCB})
H (Referenced to V_{CCA})	H (Referenced to V_{CCB})

9 Application and Implementation

注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The 2N7001T device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing between devices or systems that are operating at different interface voltages.

9.2 Typical Applications

9.2.1 Processor Error Up Translation

图 10 shows an example of the 2N7001T being used in a unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

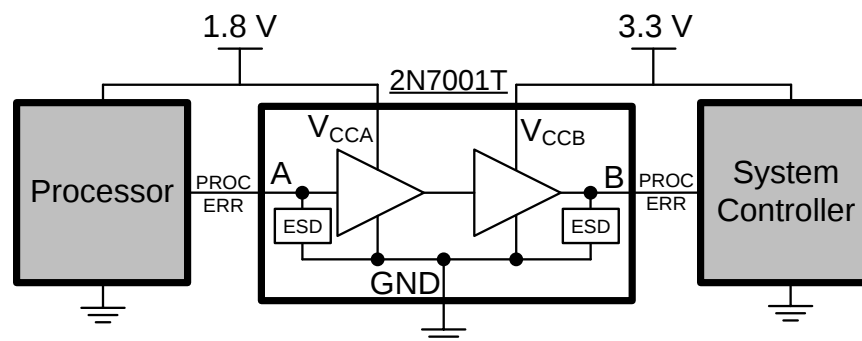


图 10. Processor Error Up Translation Application

9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters shown in 表 3.

表 3. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage supply	1.8 V
Output voltage supply	3.3 V

9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - The supply voltage of the upstream device (device that is driving input pin A) will determine the appropriate input voltage range. For a valid logic-high, the value must exceed the high-level input voltage (V_{IH}) of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the low-level input voltage (V_{IL}) of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - The supply voltage of the downstream device (device that output pin B is driving) will determine the appropriate output voltage range.

9.2.1.3 Application Curve

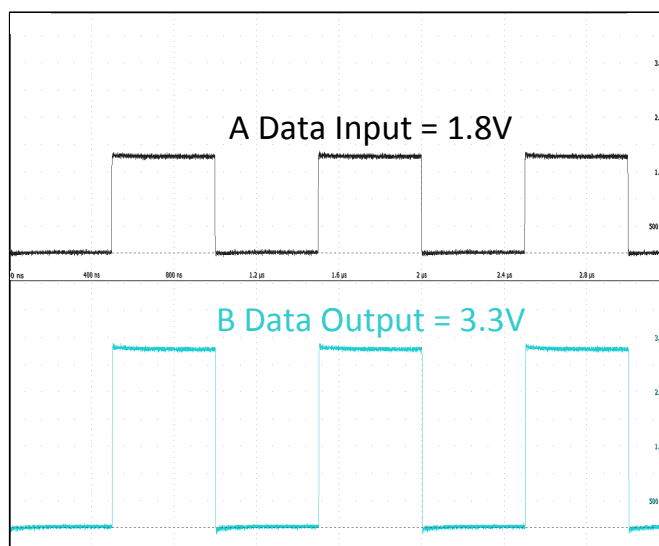


图 11. Up Translation (1.8 V to 3.3 V) at 1 MHz

9.2.2 Discrete FET Translation Replacement

The 2N7001T device is an excellent option for replacing discrete translators, as shown in 图 12, and has the following benefits regarding discrete translation implementations:

- A single device vs a four component solution
- Minimized implementation size
- Lower power consumption
- V_{CC} isolation feature
- Higher data rates
- Integrated ESD protection
- Improved glitch performance

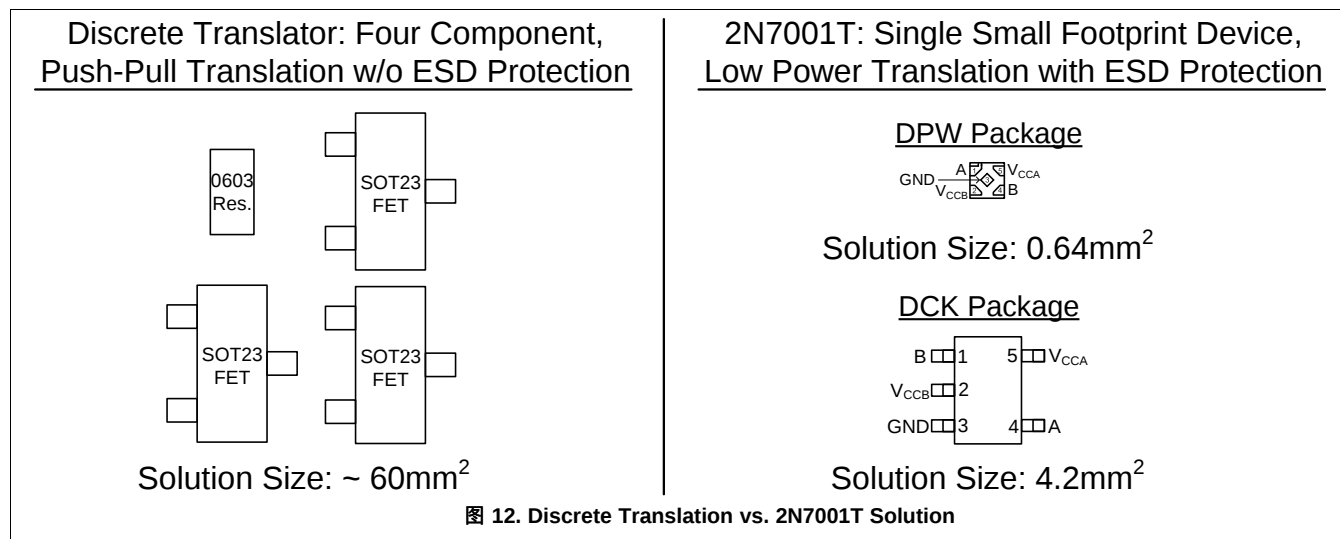


图 12. Discrete Translation vs. 2N7001T Solution

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The 2N7001T device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} . The V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} power-supply rails accept any supply voltage that range from 1.65 V to 3.6 V. The A input and B output are referenced to V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} respectively allowing up or down translation among the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V voltage nodes. A 0.1 μ F bypass capacitor is recommended on all V_{CC} pins.

Always apply a ground reference to the GND pin first. However, there are no additional requirement for power supply sequencing.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, follow the common printed-circuit board layout guidelines listed below:

- Use bypass capacitors on power supplies.
- Use short trace lengths to avoid excessive loading.

An example layout is given in [Figure 13](#) for the DPW (X2SON-5) package. This example layout includes two 0402 (metric) capacitors, and uses the measurements that are in the package outline drawing appended to the end of this datasheet. A via of diameter 0.1 mm (3.973 mil) is placed directly in the center of the device. This via can be used to trace out the center pin connection through another board layer, or the via can be left out of the layout.

11.2 Layout Example

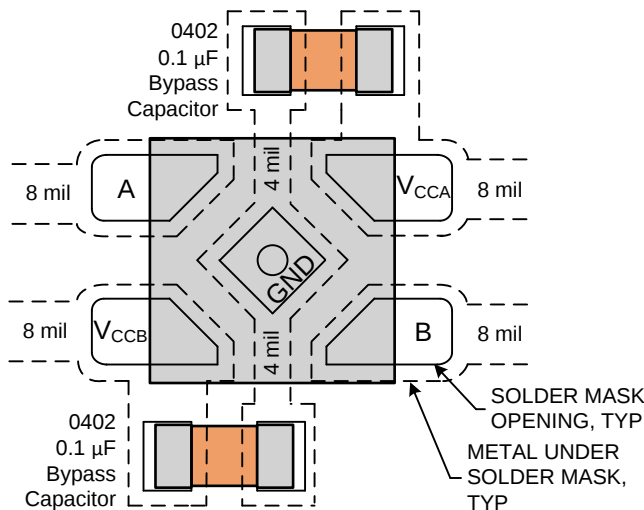


图 13. Example Layout for the DPW (X2SON-5) Package

12 器件和文档支持

12.1 文档支持

12.1.1 相关文档

请参阅如下相关文档：

- 德州仪器 (TI)，《慢速或浮点 CMOS 输入的影响》应用报告
- 德州仪器 (TI)，借助 TI 的 X2SON 封装应用报告设计和制造

12.2 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 TI.com.cn 上的器件产品文件夹。单击右上角的通知我 进行注册，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

12.3 社区资源

下列链接提供到 TI 社区资源的连接。链接的内容由各个分销商“按照原样”提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范，并且不一定反映 TI 的观点；请参阅 TI 的《使用条款》。

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12.4 商标

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

12.5 静电放电警告



ESD 可能会损坏该集成电路。德州仪器 (TI) 建议通过适当的预防措施处理所有集成电路。如果不遵守正确的处理措施和安装程序，可能会损坏集成电路。

ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级，大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏，这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

12.6 术语表

SLYZ022 — TI 术语表。

这份术语表列出并解释术语、缩写和定义。

13 机械、封装和可订购信息

以下页面包含机械、封装和可订购信息。这些信息是指定器件的最新可用数据。数据如有变更，恕不另行通知，且不会对此文档进行修订。如需获取此产品说明书的浏览器版本，请查阅左侧的导航栏。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
2N7001TDCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	DQ	Samples
2N7001TDPWR	ACTIVE	X2SON	DPW	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	DP	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
2N7001TDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
2N7001TDPWR	X2SON	DPW	5	3000	178.0	8.4	0.91	0.91	0.5	2.0	8.0	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
2N7001TDCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
2N7001TDPWR	X2SON	DPW	5	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0

DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



4093553-3/G 01/2007

- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AA.

DCK (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
 - D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

DPW 5

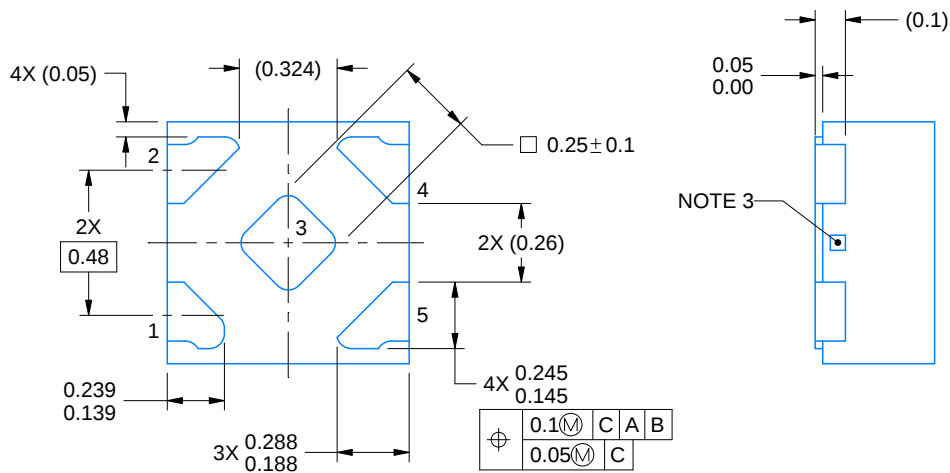
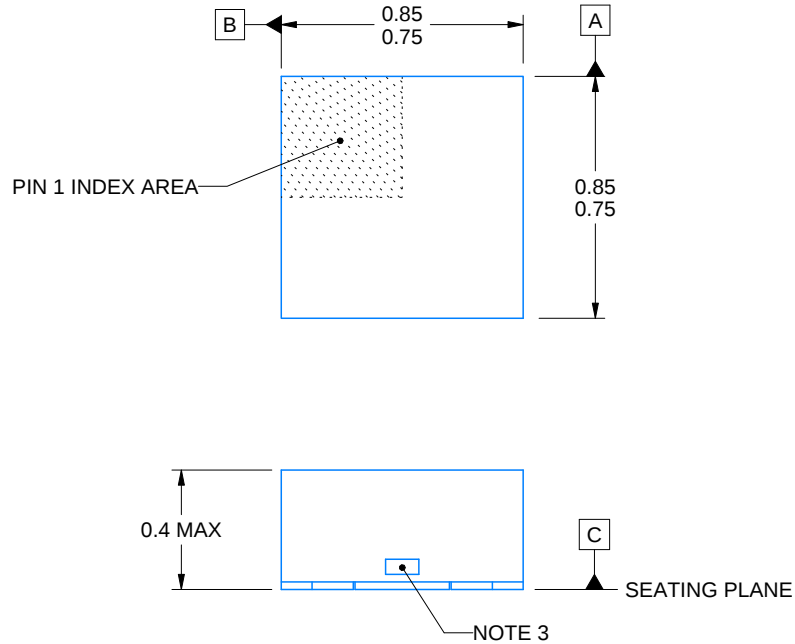
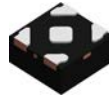
X2SON - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4211218-3/D



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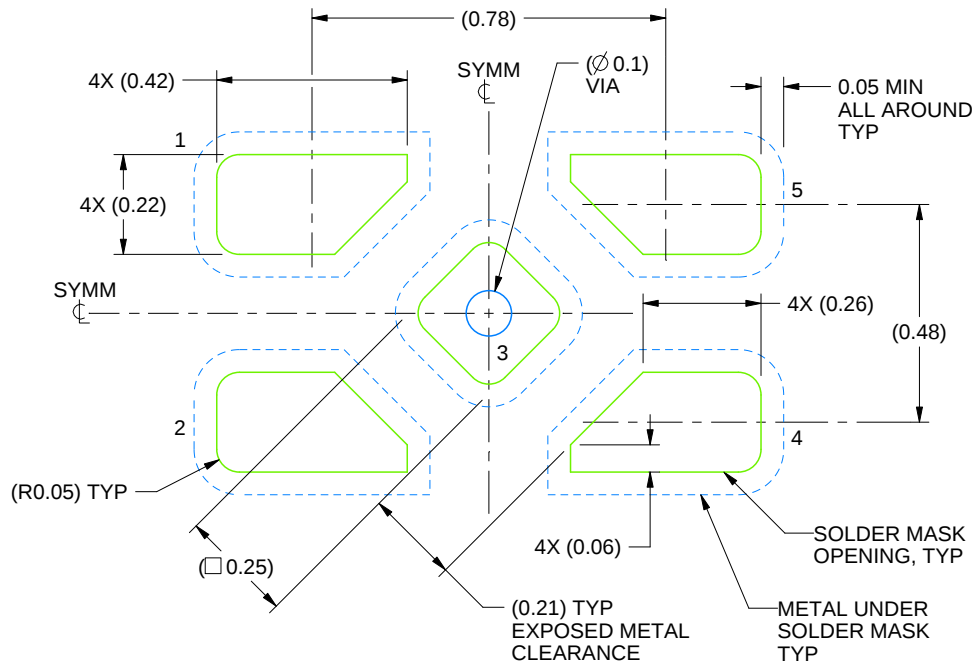
NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The size and shape of this feature may vary.

DPW0005A

X2SON - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SOLDER MASK DEFINED
SCALE:60X

4223102/C 06/2021

NOTES: (continued)

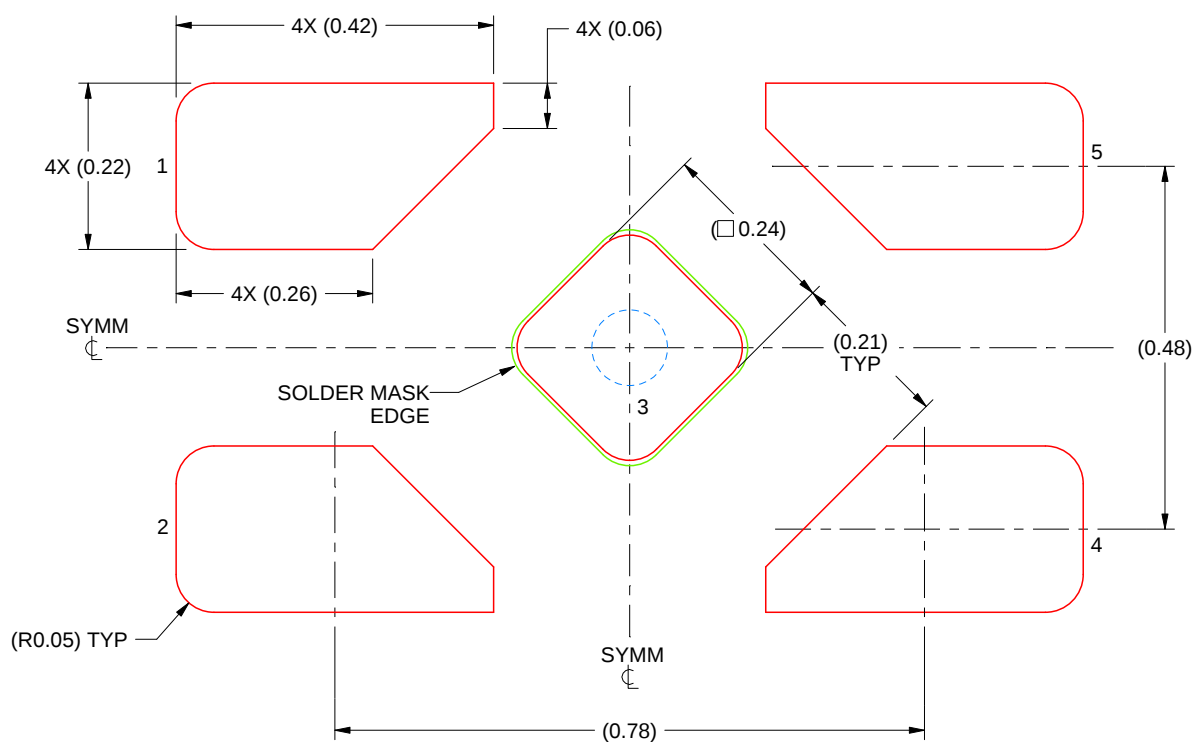
4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, refer to QFN/SON PCB application note in literature No. SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DPW0005A

X2SON - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD 3
92% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE
SCALE:100X

4223102/C 06/2021

NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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